

Town of Snow Hill

Financial Statements

Snow Hill, North Carolina

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Board of Commissioners

Dennis K. Liles, Mayor Lorrine Washington, Pro-Tempore Donnell Hagans, Commissioner Geraldine E. Shackleford, Commissioner Robert L. (Bobby) Taylor, Commissioner Rosa Wilkes, Commissioner

Administrative Officers

Cathy Webb, Town Clerk/Finance Officer
Dana D. Hill, Town Administrator/Public Works Director
John Rea, Chief of Police

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Andrew Harris, CPA

3722 N. Main St. Farmville, NC 27828 Phone (252) 753-2636 Phone (252) 813-9988 E-mail andrew@andrewharriscpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of my audit opinions.

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Member North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

Opinions

In my opinion, based on my audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement's Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic information because the limited procedures do not provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of fomling opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining and individual non major fund statements, are presented for additional analysis and are notes required part of the basic financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by me. In my opinion, the combining and non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Farmville, North Carolina November 30, 2017

andrew Hairs, CPA PLIC



As management of the Town of Snow Hill, we offer readers of the Town of Snow Hill's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Snow Hill for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Snow Hill exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows or resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$8,849,182 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$93,585, primarily due to decreases in the Water-Sewer activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Snow Hill's General Fund reported an ending fund balances of \$1,123,742 with a net change of \$(17,986) in fund balance. Approximately 89.22 percent of this total amount, or \$978,266, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance), which represents approximately 84.98 percent of the total general fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- The Town of Snow Hill maintained its AAA bond rating for the 17th consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Snow Hill's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Snow Hill.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1 Basic Management's Discussion and Financial **Analysis** Statements Notes to the Government-Fund wide Financial Financial **Financial** Statements Detail Summary

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibit 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the Notes, **Supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as transportation, environmental protection, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Snow Hill.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Snow Hill, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Snow Hill can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are

accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Snow Hill adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown as the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Snow Hill has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Snow Hill uses its enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 20 of this report.

Independence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modification to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis Town of Snow Hill's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental			Busine	SS-	Гуре						
		Acti	viti	es	Acti	viti	es	Total				
		6/30/17		6/30/16	6/30/17 6/30/16				6/30/17		6/30/16	
Current and other assets	\$	1,202,232	\$	1,228,828	\$ 1,286,453	\$	1,298,393	\$	2,488,685	\$	2,527,221	
Capital assets		1,724,417		1,704,610	5,921,225		6,135,284		7,645,642		7,839,894	
Deferred outflows of resources		95,707		27,294	77,300		23,325		173,007		50,619	
Total Position	\$	3,022,356	\$	2,960,732	\$ 7,284,978	\$	7,457,002	\$	10,307,334	\$	10,417,734	
Long-term liabilities	\$	149,089	\$	63,281	\$ 1,191,757	\$	-,,	\$	1,340,846	\$	1,099,400	
Other liabilities		107,948		110,500	221,448		227,755		329,396		338,255	
Deferred inflows of resources		6,644		9,773	2,714		8,266		9,358		18,039	
Total Liabilities	\$	263,681	\$	183,554	\$ 1,415,919	\$	1,272,140	\$	1,679,600	\$	1,455,694	
Net position:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	\$	1,679,745	\$	1,638,349	\$ 4,901,005	\$	4,996,030	\$	6,580,750	\$	6,634,379	
Restricted		145,475		123,050	-		-		145,475		123,050	
Unrestricted		933,455		1,015,779	1,189,502		1,194,832		2,122,957		2,210,611	
Total Net Position	\$	2,758,675	\$	2,777,178	\$ 6,090,507	\$	6,190,862	\$	8,849,182	\$	8,968,040	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Snow Hill exceeded liabilities and deferred outflows as by \$8,849,182 as of June 30, 2017. The Town's net position decreased by \$93,585 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. However, the largest portion of the Town's Net Position (74.97%) reflects the Town's investments In capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Snow Hill uses these capital assets related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Snow Hill uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Snow Hill's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Snow Hill's net position of \$145,475 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,122,957 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

Governmental Activities

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 97.56%, which is comparable to the statewide average of 96%.
- Continued cemetery lot sales due to additions to cemetery plots.

Business-type Activities

- Continued low cost of debt due to the Town's high bond rating.
- The Town has managed to decrease expenditures to better control the deficits realized in the Water/Sewer Fund.

Town of Snow Hill's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Government	al Activities	Business-tyj	pe Activities	To	otal
	6/30/17	6/30/16	6/30/17	6/30/16	6/30/17	6/30/16
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 208,859	\$ 214,190	\$1,092,382	\$ 993,565	\$1,301,241	\$1,207,755
Operating grants and contributions	130,518	132,810	-	-	130,518	132,810
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	167,669	-	167,669
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	360,179	391,421	-	-	360,179	391,421
Other taxes	7,460	7,389	-	-	7,460	7,389
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific programs	320,208	295,684	-	-	320,208	295,684
Other	54,101	145,825	11,265	7,926	65,366	153,751
Total Revenues	\$1,081,325	\$1,187,319	\$1,103,647	\$1,169,160	\$2,184,972	\$2,356,479
Expenses:						
General government	\$ 175,686	\$ 174,202	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 175,686	\$ 174,202
Public safety	362,280	322,702	-	-	362,280	322,702
Transportation	230,466	199,266	-	-	230,466	199,266
Cultural and recreation	126,358	126,781	-	-	126,358	126,781
Environmental Protection	219,913	220,569	-	-	219,913	220,569
Water and sewer	-	-	1,223,870	1,037,993	1,223,870	1,037,993
Total Expenses	\$1,114,703	\$1,043,520	\$1,223,870	\$1,037,993	\$2,338,573	\$2,081,513
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position						
Before Transfers	\$ (33,378)	\$ 143,799	\$ (120,223)	\$ 131,167	\$ (153,601)	\$ 274,966
Special item: Gain (loss) on insurance recovery	42,527	(180)	19,868	3,316	62,395	3,136
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 9,149	\$ 143,619	\$ (100,355)	\$ 134,483	\$ (91,206)	\$ 278,102
Net position, July 1, previously reported	2,777,178	2,633,559	6,190,862	6,019,967	8,968,040	8,653,526
Restatement	(27,652)	-	-	36,412	(27,652)	36,412
Net position, July 1, restated	2,749,526	2,633,559	6,190,862	6,056,379	8,940,388	8,689,938
Net Position, June 30	\$2,758,675	\$2,777,178	\$6,090,507	\$6,190,862	\$8,849,182	\$8,968,040

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$9,149 thereby accounting for the small growth in net position of the Town of Snow Hill. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• The Town capitalized \$110,246 of expenditures related to various capital asset purchases.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of Snow Hill's net position by \$134,481.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Snow Hill uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Snow Hill's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Snow Hill's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Snow Hill. At the end of the current fiscal year the Town of Snow Hill's fund balanced available was \$978,266 while total fund balance reached \$1,123,742. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 84.98% percent of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 97.61 percent of the same amount.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental fund of Town of Snow Hill reported a fund balance of \$1,141,730.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily due to the Town failing to budget enough for Ad Valorem Taxes, Local Option Sales Taxes and Cemetery related sales. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Snow Hill's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,189,502. The total decrease in net position for the fund was \$100,355. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Snow Hill's business-type activity.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Snow Hill's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2017, totals \$7,630,745 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, office furniture, and vehicles.

Town of Snow Hill's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Govern	ım	ental	Business-Type							
	Activities				Acti	es	Total				
	 6/30/17		6/30/16		6/30/17		6/30/16		6/30/17		6/30/16
Land	\$ 199,344	\$	199,344	\$	31,794	\$	31,794	\$	231,138	\$	231,138
Construction in progress	-		-		-		-		-		-
Buildings	644,889		649,336		136,468		101,383		781,357		750,719
Equipment	70,529		92,018		53,009		65,595		123,538		157,613
Infrastructure	717,377		706,748		22,149		22,519		739,526		729,267
Vehicles	77,007		56,536		57,361		23,238		134,368		79,774
Furniture	376		628		-		-		376		628
Water/Sewer system	 -		-		5,620,442		5,896,755		5,620,442		5,896,755
Total	\$ 1,709,522	\$	1,704,610	\$	5,921,223	\$	6,141,284	\$	7,630,745	\$	7,845,894

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2017, the Town of Snow Hill had total bonded debt outstanding of \$330,000. All of this debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. All of the Town's debt represents financing agreements secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

Town of Snow Hill's Outstanding Debt General Obligations and Revenue Bonds Figure 5

	Governmental					Busines	ss-]	Гуре				
	Activities					Activ	es	Total				
	2017 2016				2017		2016	2017			2016	
Installment purchase	\$	44,672	\$	66,261	\$	4,964	\$	7,363	\$	49,636	\$	73,624
Revolving loan		-		-		1,015,256		1,137,891		1,015,256		1,137,891
Net pension liability		95,922		18,609		77,473		15,903		173,395		34,512
Total pension liability		30,578		27,652		-		-		30,578		27,652
Compensated absences		29,821		31,470		24,815		27,570		54,636		59,040
Total	•	200,993	\$	143,992	\$	1,122,508	\$	1,188,727	\$	1,323,501	\$	1,332,719
1 Otal	Ψ	200,333	ψ	173,372	Φ	1,122,300	Φ	1,100,727	Φ	1,525,501	Ψ	1,332,719

Town of Snow Hill's Outstanding Debt

The Town of Snow Hill's total debt decreased by \$9,218 (0.69%) during the past fiscal year, the Town made annual payments on the revolving loans in the amount of \$137,021.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the Town of Snow Hill has maintained its AAA bond rating. The Town's Board believes this bind rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the Town of Snow Hill. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the Town's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of governmental can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Snow Hill is \$7,830,759. The Town has \$0 in bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2017.

Additional information regarding the Town of Snow Hill's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.5a beginning on page 42 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect that overall changes in the growth and prosperity of the Town of Snow Hill:

- Tax Base Increase. The budget calls for maintaining 35 cents per \$100 valuation tax rate.
- *Population Stable*. The State Data Center certified July 1, 2012 municipal population of 1,611 residents; current populations is 1,592.
- Labor Force in Flux. The Town has recovered many of the jobs in the manufacturing sector, but the unemployment rate remains at approximately 4.5%.
- External Fund Opportunities. The Town continues to have success in pursuit of several external funding opportunities. The Town also currently has approval for water and sewer system improvements and business development.

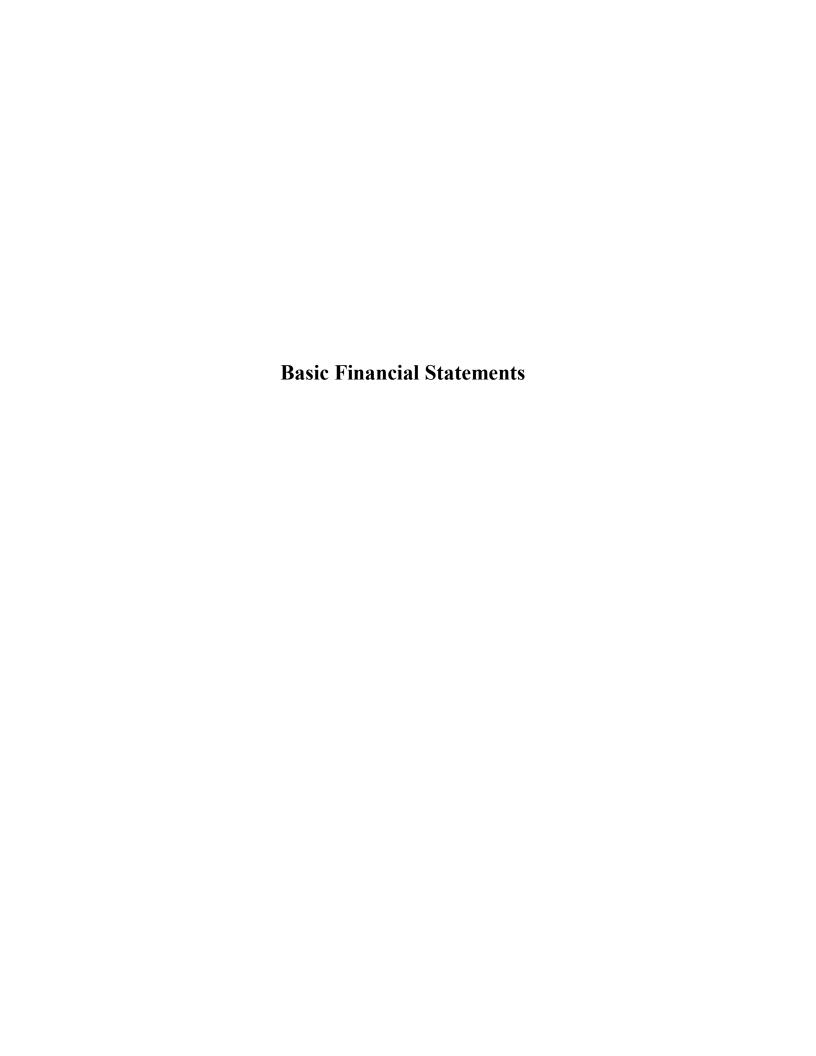
Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017:

- General Fund. The total budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to be consistent to the prior year
- The contract for fire protection will remain consistent to prior year.

Business-type Activities

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town of Snow Hill's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk, Town of Snow Hill, 908 SE Second Street, Snow Hill, North Carolina 28580. You can also call (252) 747-3414 or visit our website at http://snowhillnc.com.



Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

		Pri	mary	y Government	:	
		Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,012,721	\$	1,020,092	\$	2,032,813
Taxes receivable (net)		19,974		-		19,974
Accounts receivable (net)		1,336		195,133		196,469
Internal balances		(1,661)		1,661		-
Due from other governments		100,544		-		100,544
Inventories		-		24,575		24,575
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		69,318		44,992		114,310
Total Current Assets	\$	1,202,232	\$	1,286,453	\$	2,488,685
Non-current assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and						
construction in progress	\$	199,344	\$	31,793	\$	231,137
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,525,073		5,889,432		7,414,505
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,724,417	\$	5,921,225	\$	7,645,642
Total non-current assets	\$	1,724,417	\$	5,921,225	\$	7,645,642
Total Assets	\$	2,926,649	\$	7,207,678	\$	10,134,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		69,325		55,992		125,317
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year		26,382		21,308		47,690
Total deferred outflows of resources		95,707		77,300		173,007
	_	22,707		,,,,,,,,,		1,2,00,
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	30,324	\$	24,257	\$	54,581
Customer deposits		25,720		44,992		70,712
Compensated absences		29,821		24,815		54,636
Current portion of long-term liabilities		22,083		127,384		149,467
Total Current Liabilities	\$	107,948	\$	221,448	\$	329,396
Long-term Liabilities:						
Net pension liability	\$	95,922	\$	77,473	\$	173,395
Total pension liability	Ψ	30,578	Ψ		Ψ	30,578
Due in more than one year		22,589		892,836		915,425
Total Liabilities	\$	257,037	\$	1,191,757	\$	1,448,794
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
	\$	911	\$		\$	911
Prepaid taxes Deferred revenue	Ф	1,560	Ф	-	Ф	1,560
Pension deferrals				2.714		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	4,173	\$	2,714 2,714	\$	6,887
Total deferred filllows of resources	Ф	6,644	Ф	2,/14	Ф	9,358
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,679,745	\$	4,901,005	\$	6,580,750
Restricted for:	~	,,		<i>y </i>		- / /
Transportation-Powell Bill		43,598		_		43,598
Stabilization by State statute		101,877		_		101,877
Unrestricted		933,455		1,189,502		2,122,957
Total Net Position	\$	2,758,675	\$	6,090,507	\$	8,849,182
	_	<u> </u>		•		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

							s	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government									
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total				
Primary Government:																	
Governmental Activities:																	
General government	\$	175,686	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	(175,261)	\$	-	\$	(175,261)				
Public safety		362,280		58,929		-	-		(303,351)		-		(303,351)				
Transportation		230,466		-		47,470	-		(182,996)		-		(182,996)				
Cultural and recreation		126,358		2,835		83,048	-		(40,475)		-		(40,475)				
Environment protection		219,913		146,670		-	-		(73,243)		-		(73,243)				
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,114,703	\$	208,859	\$	130,518	\$ -	\$	(775,326)	\$	_	\$	(775,326)				
Business-type Activities:																	
Water and sewer	\$	1,223,870	\$	1,092,382	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(131,488)	\$	(131,488)				
Total Business-type Activities	\$	1,223,870	\$	1,092,382	\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$			(131,488)				
Total Primary Government	\$	2,338,573	\$	1,301,241	\$	130,518	\$ -	\$	(775,326)	\$	(131,488)	\$	(906,814)				
	General	l Revenues:															
	Taxes																
		perty taxes, lev	ied	for general 1	ourpos	se		\$	360,179	\$	_	\$	360,179				
		er taxes licens			. 1				7,460		_		7,460				
	Grant	s and contribu	tion	s not restrict	ed to	specific program	S		320,208		_		320,208				
		tment earnings				1 1 0			555		1,422		1,977				
		ordinary item:			ce rec	overy			42,527		19,868		62,395				
	Other	•				J			53,546		9,843		63,389				
	otal General R	evei	nues and Tra	nsfers	•		\$	784,475	\$		\$	815,608					
	Cl	hange in Net P	osit	ion				-	9,149		(100,355)		(91,206)				
		sition, previous							2,777,178		6,190,862		8,968,040				
	Restate	•	•	•					(27,652)		-		(27,652)				
	Net Pos	sition, beginnir	ıg, r	estated					2,749,526		6,190,862		8,940,388				
		sition, ending	٠.					\$	2,758,675	\$	6,090,507	\$	8,849,182				

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 6 5.1012.621 8.1012.621 Restricted cash Receivables, net: Taxes 19,23 19,33 19		M	lajor Fund		T 4 1
Restricted cash \$ 1,012,621 Restricted cash 69,418 Receivables, net: 19,974 Taxes 19,974 Accounts 100,541 Due from other governments 100,541 Total Assets 100,541 Bubble From other governments 100,541 Total Assets \$ 1,203,890 Lishiffeet \$ 2,203,890 Customer deposits 25,720 25,720 Due to other funds 1,561 1,561 Total Liabilities \$ 19,974 \$ 19,974 Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 \$ 19,974 Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 \$ 19,974 Prepaid taxes 9 11 91 Property taxes receivable \$ 10,187 10,186 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 10,187 \$ 101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Streets - Powell Bill \$ 1,23,494 \$ 1,23,741 Total Fund Balances \$ 1,23,342 \$ 2,382 Total Fund Balances <	ACCETC	Ge	neral Fund	Go	
Restricted cash Receivables, net Receivables		\$	1 012 621	\$	1 012 621
Receivables, net:		Ψ		Ψ	
Taxes 19,974 1,336 1,336 1,336 1,0541 <td></td> <td></td> <td>05,.10</td> <td></td> <td>05,.10</td>			05,.10		05,.10
Total Assets			19,974		19,974
Total Assets	Accounts		1,336		1,336
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: 30,324 \$ 30,324 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 30,324 \$ 30,324 Customer deposits 25,720 25,720 Due to other funds 1,561 1,561 Total Liabilities \$ 57,605 \$ 57,605 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Preparity taxes receivable 9 11 991 Preparit daxes 911 991 Poferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 1,203,892 \$ 1,203,892 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: \$ 1,203,892 \$ 29,821 Capital a	Due from other governments		100,541		100,541
Customer deposits	Total Assets	\$	1,203,890	\$	1,203,890
Customer deposits 25,720 25,720 Due to other funds 1,561 1,561 Total Liabilities \$57,605 \$57,605 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable \$19,974 \$19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Peferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$22,546 \$20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: \$101,877 \$101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$101,877 \$101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$1,123,741 \$1,123,741 Total Fund Balances \$1,203,892 \$1,233,741 Compensated absences (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Customer deposits 25,720 25,720 Due to other funds 1,561 1,561 Total Liabilities \$57,605 \$57,605 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable \$19,974 \$19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Peferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$22,546 \$20,885 Fund Balances: \$22,546 \$20,885 Restricted for: \$101,877 \$101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$101,877 \$101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$1,123,741 \$1,123,741 Total Fund Beferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund \$1,203,892 \$1,233,491 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of \$2,637,913 \$2,637,913 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. \$2,637,913 \$2,637,913 Accumulated de	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	30,324	\$	30,324
Total Liabilities \$ 57,605 \$ 57,605 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 \$ 19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Deferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$ 1,23,741 \$ 1,123,741 Total Fund Experted Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 1,203,892 \$ 1,203,892 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. (30,578) Gross capital assets at historical cost 2,637,913 4,724,417 Net pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pensi			25,720		25,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 \$ 19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Deferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 Total Fund Belances \$ 1,203,892 \$ 1,23,741 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: (29,821) Compensated absences (29,821) Copital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (30,578) Accumulated depreciation (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (30,578) Contribut	Due to other funds		1,561		1,561
Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Deferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 \$ 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 978,266 708,266 708,226 708,274 \$ 1,23,741	Total Liabilities	\$	57,605	\$	57,605
Property taxes receivable \$ 19,974 19,974 Prepaid taxes 911 911 Deferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 \$ 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 978,266 708,266 708,226 708,274 \$ 1,23,741	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Prepaid taxes 911 911 Deferred revenue 1,661 1,661 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 22,546 \$ 20,885 Fund Balances: Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute \$ 101,877 \$ 101,877 Streets - Powell Bill 43,598 43,598 Unassigned 978,266 978,266 Total Fund Balances \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 1,203,892 \$ 1,203,892 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: \$ 1,203,892 \$ 2,637,913 Compensated absences (29,821) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. \$ 1,724,417 Net pension liability (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position 65,153 Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are no		\$	19,974	\$	19,974
Deferred revenue1,6611,661Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 22,546\$ 20,885Fund Balances:Restricted for:\$ 101,877\$ 101,877Stabilization by State Statute\$ 101,877\$ 101,877Streets - Powell Bill43,59843,598Unassigned978,266978,266Total Fund Balances\$ 1,23,741\$ 1,23,741Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances\$ 1,203,892\$ 1,203,491Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:(29,821)Compensated absences(29,821)Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.(2637,913)Accumulated depreciation(913,496)1,724,417Net pension liability(95,922)Total pension liability(30,578)Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position65,153Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds.(44,672)Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.19,975					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances: Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute Stipped Streets - Powell Bill Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Fund Balances Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Compensated absences Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975			1,661		1,661
Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute Stabilization by State Statute Stabilization by State Statute Streets - Powell Bill Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Compensated absences Compensated absences Compensated absences and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation (913,496) Total pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	22,546	\$	
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Compensated absences Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated depreciation Net pension liability Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,123,741 \$ 1,203,892 (29,821) Capital assets at historical activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute	\$		\$	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 1,203,892 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Compensated absences (29,821) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost 2,637,913 Accumulated depreciation (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (5,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975	Unassigned		978,266		978,266
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Compensated absences Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated depreciation Accumulated depreciation Accumulated lability Accumulate		\$	1,123,741	\$	1,123,741
Net Position is different because: Compensated absences Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Net pension liability Total pension liability Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. (29,821) (29,821) (29,821) (29,821) (29,821) (30,57,913 (30,578) (30,578) (50,153)		\$	1,203,892		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost 2,637,913 Accumulated depreciation (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (55,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975		ent of			
and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost 2,637,913 Accumulated depreciation (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (5,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975	Compensated absences				(29,821)
Accumulated depreciation (913,496) 1,724,417 Net pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (55,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975	and therefore are not reported in the funds.	nancia			
Net pension liability (95,922) Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (65,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975					
Total pension liability (30,578) Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals (55,153) Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975			(913,496)		
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals 65,153 Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975	-				
outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of Net Position Pension plan deferrals Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. (44,672)			1.6. 1		
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975	outflows of resources of resources on the Statement of				
uses and therefore are not reported in the funds. (44,672) Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. 19,975		not f	inancial		05,155
inflows of resources in fund statements19,975	uses and therefore are not reported in the funds.				(44,672)
		ed de	ferred		19.975
				\$	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	M	ajor Fund		
	Ge	neral Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	369,762	\$	369,762
Other taxes and licenses		7,460		7,460
Unrestricted intergovernmental		405,489		405,489
Restricted intergovernmental		47,470		47,470
Sales and services		229,214		229,214
Investment earnings		555		555
Other		73,486		73,486
Total Revenues	\$	1,133,436	\$	1,133,436
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	\$	275,822	\$	275,822
Public Safety		377,490		377,490
Transportation		208,384		208,384
Environmental protection		144,551		144,551
Cultural and recreational		122,045		122,045
Debt service		23,130		23,130
Total Expenditures	\$	1,151,422	\$	1,151,422
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(17,986)	\$	(17,986)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(17,986)	\$	(17,986)
Fund Balances, beginning	\$	1,141,730	\$	1,141,730
Fund Balances, ending	\$	1,123,744	\$	1,123,744

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (17,986)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 110,246	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ (90,439)	19,807
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not		
included on the Statement of Activities Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA		26,382
are not included on the Statement of Activities		(3,738)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		(5,755)
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		(9,582)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal payments on long-term debt		21,589
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		21,007
Compensated absences		1,649
Pension expense		(28,971)
4		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 9,150

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	368,000	\$	368,000	\$	369,762	\$	1,762
Other taxes and licenses		6,000		6,000		7,460		1,460
Unrestricted intergovernmental		391,500		391,500		405,489		13,989
Restricted intergovernmental		45,000		45,000		47,470		2,470
Sales and services		202,500		204,000		229,214		25,214
Investment earnings		600		600		555		(45)
Other		31,700		74,227		73,486		(741)
Total Revenues	\$	1,045,300	\$	1,089,327	\$	1,133,436	\$	44,109
EXPPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	241,210	\$	287,248	\$	275,822	\$	11,426
Public safety		327,210		380,458		377,490		2,968
Transportation		135,040		215,751		208,384		7,367
Environmental protection		138,650		145,690		144,551		1,139
Cultural and recreational		155,320		163,632		122,045		41,587
Debt service		23,130		23,130		23,130		
Total Expenditures	\$	1,020,560	\$	1,215,909	\$	1,151,422	\$	64,487
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	24,740	\$	(126,582)	\$	(17,986)	\$	108,596
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Contingency		(24,740)		-		-		-
Fund balance appropriated		-		126,582		-		(126,582)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(24,740)	\$	126,582	\$		\$	(126,582)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$		\$	(17,986)	\$	(17,986)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending					\$	1,141,730 1,123,744		
rund balance, chunig				:	Ф	1,143,744		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	W	Water/Sewer Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,020,092	
Accounts receivable (net)		195,133	
Inventory		24,575	
Due from other funds		1,661	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		44,992	
Total Current Assets	\$	1,286,453	
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land and other nondepreciable assets	\$	31,793	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		5,889,432	
Capital Assets	\$	5,921,225	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	5,921,225	
Total Assets	\$	7,207,678	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Contributions to pension plan	\$	21,308	
Pension deferrals		55,992	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	77,300	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	24,257	
Customer deposits		44,992	
Current portion of compensated absences		24,815	
Long-term debt, current portion		127,384	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	221,448	
Non-current Liabilities:			
Net pension liability	\$	77,473	
Long-term debt, non-current portion		892,836	
Total Non-current Liabilities	\$	970,309	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,191,757	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals	_\$	2,714	
NET DOCUTION			
NET POSITION Not investment in conital assets, not of related debt	ф	4 001 005	
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	4,901,005	
Total Net Position	•	1,189,502	
TOWN THE CONTON		6,090,507	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	\mathbf{W}	Water/Sewer	
		Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	999,740	
Other operating revenues		92,642	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,092,382	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Water	\$	435,998	
Sewer		465,768	
Depreciation		310,134	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,211,900	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(119,518)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Insurance recovery	\$	19,868	
Investment earnings		1,422	
Miscellaneous revenue		9,843	
Interest and other charges		(11,970)	
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)	\$	19,163	
Change in Net Position	\$	(100,355)	
Total Net Position, previously reported	\$	6,190,862	
Total Net Position, ending	\$	6,090,507	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cash receivd from customers \$ 962,794 Cash paid for goods and services (550,085) Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services 386,299 Customers deposits 104,466 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 134,624 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds (100) Decrease in due to other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (1,661) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets \$ (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ 181,465 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equival		W :	ater/Sewer Fund
Cash paid for goods and services (550,085) Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (386,299) Customers deposits 104,466 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 5 134,624 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds (100) Decrease in due to other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (1,661) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets \$ (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (18,68) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (47,181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084 Principa	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	·	
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (386,299) Customers deposits 3,748 Other revenues 104,46e Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 134,624 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (1,661) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (125,034) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Insurance recovery 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ (14,7181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 3 \$ (19,518) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: \$ (19,518) Operating income (loss) \$ (19,518) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (19,518) Depreciation 3 (36		\$	962,794
Customers deposits 3,748 Other revenues 104,466 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 134,624 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds (100) Decrease in due to other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (1,661) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets \$ (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (125,034) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (119,70) Insurance recovery 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (147,181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 \$ (15,508) Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ (10,508) Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ (19,518) Depreciation 3 (10,134)	, ,		
Other revenues 104,466 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 134,624 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds (100) Decrease in due to other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ 0,4,661 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Insurance recovery 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ 18,465 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES \$ 1,421 Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Depreciation 310,134 Changes in Assets and Liabilities 3 10,646 Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable 3 6,549 <	Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(386,299)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other funds Decrease in due to other funds Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest and dividends Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities S (119,568 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operat	*		
Increase in due from other funds			
Increase in due from other funds (1,661) Decrease in due to other funds (100) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities \$ (1,761) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets \$ (64,329) Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (1125,034) Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Insurance recovery \$ 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (47,181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (119,518) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 3 (10,134) Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (36,946) Decrease (increase) in inventory 3,466 Incr	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	134,624
Decrease in due to other funds Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Insurance recovery Insurance (Decrease) in Cash and Related Financing Activities Insurance (Decrease) Insurance (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Insurance (Insurance (Insurance to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Insurance (Insurance (Insurance to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Insurance (Insurance (Insurance to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Insurance (Insurance (Insurance (Insurance to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Insurance (Insurance (I			
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CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Interest and dividend (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Sequivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Jay 66 Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Decrease (decrease) in compensated absences Openside (Tay 50, 46, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50	Decrease in due to other funds		(100)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Insurance recovery	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	(1,761)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Percovery Insurance recovery Insuranc	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Insurance recovery Interest and fiveded (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES Interest and dividends Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Interest and dividends Interest and Equivalents, July 1 Interest and Equivalents, July 1 Interest and Equivalents, July 1 Interest and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Interest and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Interest Equivalents, July 1 Interest (Interest Equivalents, July 1 Interest (Int		\$	(64,329)
Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan (11,970) Insurance recovery 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (47,181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (119,518) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 3 10,134 Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (36,946) Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (36,946) Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions (53,975) Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions (21,454) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9,646) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)		*	
Insurance recovery 19,868 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (181,465) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends \$ 1,421 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (47,181) Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 1,112,265 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 310,134 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 310,134 Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (36,946) Decrease (increase) in inventory 3,466 Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions (53,975) Increase in net pension liability 61,570 Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions (21,454) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9,646) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755) <			,
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences [181,421			
Interest and dividends\$ 1,421Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ (47,181)Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 11,112,265Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30\$ 1,065,084Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:Operating income (loss)\$ (119,518)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:310,134Depreciation310,134Changes in Assets and Liabilities:(36,946)Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable(36,946)Decrease (increase) in inventory3,466Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions(53,975)Increase in net pension liability61,570Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions(21,454)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities(9,646)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits3,748Increase (decrease) in compensated absences(2,755)		\$	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences \$ (47,181) 1,112,265 \$ 1,065,084 \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (310,134) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences \$ (47,181) 1,112,265 \$ 1,065,084 \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,946) \$ (53,975) \$ (53,975) \$ (21,454) \$ (9,646) \$ (1,570) \$ (21,454) \$ (1,570) \$ (21,454) \$ (2,755)	Interest and dividends	\$	1,421
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30\$ 1,065,084Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)\$ (119,518)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation310,134Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable(36,946)Decrease (increase) in inventory3,466Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions(53,975)Increase in net pension liability61,570Decrease (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities(9,646)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits3,748Increase (decrease) in compensated absences(2,755)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(47,181)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30\$ 1,065,084Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)\$ (119,518)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation310,134Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable(36,946)Decrease (increase) in inventory3,466Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions(53,975)Increase in net pension liability61,570Decrease (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities(9,646)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits3,748Increase (decrease) in compensated absences(2,755)	Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		1,112,265
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,946) \$ (53,975) \$ (53,975) \$ (53,975) \$ (21,454) \$ (9,646) \$ (9,646) \$ (19,		\$	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (119,518) \$ (36,946) \$ (36,946) \$ (53,975) \$ (53,975) \$ (53,975) \$ (21,454) \$ (21,454) \$ (9,646) \$ (9,646) \$ (19,646) \$ (27,755)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory 3,466 Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in net pension liability 61,570 Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)		Φ.	(110.510)
Depreciation 310,134 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (36,946) Decrease (increase) in inventory 3,466 Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions (53,975) Increase in net pension liability 61,570 Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions (21,454) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9,646) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)		2	(119,518)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:(36,946)Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable(36,946)Decrease (increase) in inventory3,466Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions(53,975)Increase in net pension liability61,570Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions(21,454)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities(9,646)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits3,748Increase (decrease) in compensated absences(2,755)			210.124
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable(36,946)Decrease (increase) in inventory3,466Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions(53,975)Increase in net pension liability61,570Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions(21,454)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities(9,646)Increase (decrease) in customer deposits3,748Increase (decrease) in compensated absences(2,755)	•		310,134
Decrease (increase) in inventory Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions (21,454) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)			(26.046)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (23,975) (21,454) (9,646) (9,646) (10,755)			
Increase in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (21,454) 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)			
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions (21,454) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9,646) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)	*		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9,646) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits 3,748 Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)			, ,
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (2,755)			
	` , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total Adjustments © 254.142			
Total Adjustments \$ 234,142	Total Adjustments	\$	254,142
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 134,624	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	134,624
Supplement Disclosure of Cash Flows Information:	Supplement Disclosure of Cash Flows Information:		
Cash consists of the following:	Cash consists of the following:		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,020,092		\$	1,020,092
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - customer deposits 44,992	Restricted cash and cash equivalents - customer deposits		44,992
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 \$ 1,065,084	Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	1,065,084

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Snow Hill conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Snow Hill is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five member Board of Commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and all of its operations.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes. State grants, and various other taxes

and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the

amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property, other than motor vehicles, are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Snow Hill because the tax is levied by Greene County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year- end. A project ordinance is adopted for the CDBG Talent Enhancement Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fraud or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several budget amendments were made to the general fund budgets increasing the total budgeted expenditures by approximately \$195,349. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any

bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended on for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening or local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-4.4.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. The taxes levied are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market value. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded

as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000 for all assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	40 years
Buildings	39 years
Improvements	15-20 years
Vehicles	5-7 years
Furniture and Equipment	7-20 years
Computer Equipment	3-5 years

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town of Snow Hill has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only several items

that meets the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

9. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the reporting period in which they occurred.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary fund, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

a. Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

b. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either; (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Currently, the Town of Snow Hill has no amounts of Fund Balance classified as non-spendable.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of total fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Snow Hill has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Snow Hill currently does not have an adopted minimum fund balance policy.

12. Deferred Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Snow Hill's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Snow Hill has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that directly affect the results of reported assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

14. Date of Management's Review

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 30, 2017, that date the financial statements were available to be issued.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Non-compliance with NC General Statutes

There are no known of non-compliance with NC General Statute.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository for collateralized public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,989,007 and a bank balance of \$2,059,793. Of the bank balance, \$250,697 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,809,096 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2017, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$450.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2017, the Town of Snow Hill had \$129,305 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2017 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:

Allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable	\$ 25,226
Water/Sewer Fund:	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	106,700
	\$ 131,926

4. Capital Assets

a. Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning		Ending	
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 199,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,344
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 199,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,344
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 843,209	\$ 21,130	\$ -	\$ 864,339
Equipment	341,766	-	-	341,766
Vehicles and motorized equipment	168,775	35,744	-	204,519
Infrastructure	972,811	38,477	-	1,011,288
Furniture	1,762	-	-	1,762
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$2,328,323	\$ 95,351	\$ -	\$2,423,674
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ 193,873	\$ 25,577	\$ -	\$ 219,450
Equipment	249,748	21,489	-	271,237
Vehicles and motorized equipment	112,240	15,272	-	127,512
Infrastructure	266,062	27,849	-	293,911
Furniture	1,134	252	-	1,386
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 823,057	\$ 90,439	\$ -	\$ 913,496
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1,505,266	_		1,510,178
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$1,704,610	=		\$1,709,522

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 9,768
Environmental protection	2,267
Public safety	16,434
Transportation	44,258
Cultural and recreational	17,712
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 90,439

b. Capital asset activity for the Water and Sewer Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning							Ending
Water/Sewer Fund	Balances		Increases		Decreases			Balances
Business-type Activity:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction in Process	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Land		31,794		-		-		31,794
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	31,794	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,794
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	207,803	\$	42,259	\$	-	\$	250,062
Equipment		301,932		-		-		301,932
Furniture		527		-		-		527
Vehicles and motorized equipment		145,355		46,141		-		191,496
Water & sewer system	1	1,293,702		-		-	1	11,293,702
Infrastructure		25,018		1,673		-		26,691
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$1	1,974,337	\$	90,073	\$	-	\$ 1	12,064,410
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	106,420	\$	7,174	\$	-	\$	113,594
Equipment		236,337		12,586		-		248,923
Furniture		527		-		-		527
Vehicles and motorized equipment		122,117		12,018		-		134,135
Water & sewer system		5,396,947		276,313		-		5,673,260
Infrastructure		2,499		2,043		-		4,542
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	5,864,847	\$	310,134	\$	-	\$	6,174,981
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$	6,109,490					\$	5,889,429
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,141,284	:				\$	5,921,223

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Snow Hill is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members — nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by

writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Snow Hill employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarily determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Snow Hill's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 7.41% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.07% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Snow Hill were \$35,153 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$173,395 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.00817%, which was an increase of 0.00048% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$52,320. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,258	\$ 6,076
Changes of assumptions	11,876	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	95,865	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,318	-
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 47,690	
Total	\$ 173,007	\$ 6,076

\$47,690 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 pe	ercen	ıt				
Salary increases	3.50	to	7.75	percent,	including	inflation	and
	produ	ıctivi	ty facto	or			

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Towns proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 411,547	\$ 173,395	\$ (25,527)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

a. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Princeton administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	4
Total	4

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2016.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$30,578. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015

actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$3,738.

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions County benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date		-		812	
Total	\$	-	\$	812	

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$ (128)
2019	(128)
2020	(128)
2021	(128)
2022	(128)
Thereafter	(172)

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

	-, -	Decrease 2.86%)	Discount Rate (3.86%)		1% Increase (4.86%)		
						,	
Total pension liability	\$	33,926	\$	30,578	\$	27,524	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

_	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 27,652
Service Cost	2,879
Interest on the total pension liability	987
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(940)
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 30,578

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town of Snow Hill contributes to Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcements officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, an all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$7,734 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

c. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year telm cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to 1.5 times annual earnings, rounded to the next highest \$1,000, with a maximum of \$200,000. The amount described above, multiplied by the appropriate age percentage. The insurance is provided by Provident Life Insurance issued to Municipal Insurance Trust of North Carolina. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	47,690
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,258
Changes of assumptions	11,876
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	
plan investments	95,865
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,318
Total	173,007

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

			(General
				Fund
	Sta	itement of	F	Balance
Source	Ne	t Position		Sheet
Prepaid taxes	\$	911	\$	911
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)		19,974		19,974
Deferred revenue		1,661		1,661
Changes in assumptions		812		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		6,076		
Total	\$	29,434	\$	22,546

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains commercial insurance with two private sector insurance agencies. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not currently carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are perfolmance bonded through a commercial surety bond. All employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond of \$75,000.

The finance officer is bonded individually for \$75,000, and the tax collector is bonded for \$75,000 as required by G.S. 159-29.

4. Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, there were no lawsuits against the Town that materially impact its financial statements.

5. Long-term Obligations

a. <u>Installment Purchase</u>

In September 2013, the Town entered into an installment contract to purchase a street sweeper. The financing contract requires principal payments beginning in fiscal year 2015 with interest rate of 2.29 percent.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2017 including \$1,711 of interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities								
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Pr	rincipal	In	terest	Total
2018	\$	22,083	\$	1,023	\$	2,454	\$	114	\$ 25,674
2019		22,589		517		2,510		57	25,673
	\$	44,672	\$	1,540	\$	4,964	\$	171	\$ 51,347

b. Sanitary Sewer Revolving Loan

In August of 2000, the Town entered into a Sanitary Sewer Revolving Loan Agreement with the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality, to aide in the construction of the Town's Waste Water Treatment Plant. The total amount of the loan proceeds was \$1,650,000 with the total project costs approximated at \$5,760,000. The agreement required principal and interest payments to being in 2002, spread over 20 years, with the initial interest rate of 2.87%, not to exceed 4%. At the date of this report, all of the funds have been drawn down and the project has been completed. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for this revolving loan should approximate the following:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	82,500	9,471	91,971
2019	82,500	7,103	89,603
2020	82,500	4,736	87,236
2021	82,500	2,368	84,868
	\$ 330,000	\$ 23,678	\$ 353,678

c. Construction Notes

The Town has signed a fifteen year note with the Drinking Water Management Trust Fund for \$144,638 to finance the purchase and installation of automatic meter readers. The note was executed November 2013 with payments beginning May 2015. Through June 30, 2016, \$144,638 of the available loan has been received and used by the Town for the purchase and installation of automatic meter readers.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the full amount of the note of \$115,714, including no interest, are as follows:

Town of Snow Hill Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2018	9,643	-	9,643
2019	9,643	-	9,643
2020	9,643	-	9,643
2021	9,643	-	9,643
2022	9,643	-	9,643
2023-2027	48,213	-	48,213
2028-2029	19,286	-	19,286
	\$ 115,714	\$ -	\$ 115,714

The Town has signed a fifteen year note with the Drinking Water Management Trust Fund for \$632,825 to finance the replacement of water lines. The note was executed November 2013 with payments beginning May 2015. Through June 30, 2017, \$632,825 of the available loan has been received and used by the Town for the replacement of water lines.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the full amount of the note of \$569,542, including no interest, are as follows:

C ,			
2018	\$ 31,641	\$ -	\$ 31,641
2019	31,641	-	31,641
2020	31,641	-	31,641
2021	31,641	-	31,641
2022	31,641	-	31,641
2023-2027	158,205	-	158,205
2028-2032	158,205	-	158,205
2033-2035	94,927	-	94,927
	\$ 569,542	\$ -	\$ 569,542

d. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$7,830,759. There are no bonds authorized and unissued. Also, compensated absences for governmental activities have been typically liquidated in the General Fund.

	В	Seginning					Ending		Current
]	Balance	Iı	ncreases	Ι	Decreases	Balance]	Portion
Governmental Activities:									
Net pension liability	\$	18,609	\$	77,313	\$	-	\$ 95,922	\$	-
Total pension liability		27,652		2,926		-	30,578		-
Installment purchase		66,261		-		21,589	44,672		22,083
Compensated absences		31,470		-		1,649	29,821		29,821
Governmental Activity Long-									
term Liabilities	\$	143,992	\$	80,239	\$	23,238	\$ 200,993	\$	51,904
Business-type Activities:									
Net pension liability	\$	15,903	\$	61,570	\$	-	\$ 77,473	\$	-
Installment purchase		7,363		-		2,399	4,964		2,454
Revolving loan	1	,137,891		-		122,635	1,015,256		124,930
Compensated absences		27,570		-		2,755	24,815		24,815
Total Business-type Activity	\$1	,188,727	\$	61,570	\$	127,789	\$ 1,122,508	\$	152,199

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Aı	mount
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund	\$	1,661

The Interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,123,744
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	96,037
Streets - Powell Bill	43,598
Unassigned	979,750
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 4,359

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refund will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant funds.

V. Change in Accounting Principles / Restatement

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the Town to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2016). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$27,652.

Required Supplementary Financial Data

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Town of Snow Hill's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Four Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Snow Hill's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	2016 0.00817%	2016 0.00769%	2015 0.00681%	2014 0.00670%
Snow Hill's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 173,393	\$ 34,512	\$ 43,641	\$ 79,555
Snow Hill's covered-employee payroll	\$637,098	\$516,215	\$ 499,739	\$ 466,306
Snow Hill's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	27.22%	6.69%	8.73%	17.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Town of Snow Hill's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Three Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Contractually required contribution	2017 47,690	2016 35,153	\$ 2015 35,813	\$ 2014 36,203
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	47,690	35,153	35,813	36,203
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
Snow Hill's covered-employee payroll	\$637,098	\$516,215	\$ 499,739	\$ 466,306
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.49%	6.81%	7.17%	7.76%

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2017

	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 27,652
Service Cost	2,879
Interest on the total pension liability	987
Changes of benefit terms	_
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement	
of the total pension liability	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(940)
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 30,578

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2017

	2017	
Total pension liability	\$	30,578
Covered payroll		161,977
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		18.88%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Snow Hill has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Supplemental Information

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES	 8			<i>8</i> /
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current year	\$ 357,000	\$ 360,039	\$	3,039
Prior year	8,500	6,040		(2,460)
Interest	 2,500	3,683		1,183
Total Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 368,000	\$ 369,762	\$	1,762
Other Taxes and Licenses:				
Automobile licenses tags	\$ 6,000	\$ 7,460	\$	1,460
Total Other Taxes and Licenses	\$ 6,000	\$ 7,460	\$	1,460
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Local option sales taxes	\$ 200,000	\$ 208,980	\$	8,980
Utility franchise tax	60,000	72,868		12,868
Piped natural gas	6,000	4,539		(1,461)
Telecommunitions sales tax	25,000	20,725		(4,275)
Supplement PEG channel support	84,000	83,048		(952)
Beer and wine tax	7,000	7,102		102
ABC Revenue	3,500	2,901		(599)
Video franchise fee	5,000	4,273		(727)
Solid waste dist. Tax	1,000	1,053		53
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental	\$ 391,500	\$ 405,489	\$	13,989
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill allocation	\$ 45,000	\$ 47,470	\$	2,470
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	\$ 45,000	\$ 47,470	\$	2,470
Sales and Services:				
Waste collection fees	\$ 100,000	\$ 102,390	\$	2,390
Cemetary lot sales and department fees	58,500	66,720		8,220
Police revenue	45,000	58,929		13,929
Zoning	500	1,175		675
Total Sales and Services	\$ 204,000	\$ 229,214	\$	25,214
Investment earnings	\$ 600	\$ 555	\$	(45)
Miscellaneous:				
Other revenues	\$ 12,100	\$ 11,256	\$	(844)
Rent	19,200	19,035		(165)
Insurance proceeds	42,527	42,527		-
Gasoline tax refund	 400	668		268
Total Miscellaneous	\$ 74,227	\$ 73,486	\$	(741)
Total Revenues	\$ 1,089,327	\$ 1,133,436	\$	44,109

(Continued)

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Continued)		Budget	Actual	P	riance ositive egative)
EXPENDITURES					
General Government:					
Governing Body:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	36,170	\$ 36,140	\$	30
Operating expenditures		19,800	 17,959		1,841
Total Governing Body	\$	55,970	\$ 54,099	\$	1,871
Adminstration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	39,542	\$ 38,736	\$	806
Operating expenses		72,860	68,198		4,662
Capital outlay		44,310	 42,086		2,224
Total Administration	\$	156,712	\$ 149,020	\$	5,468
Cemetary Department:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	52,152	\$ 51,659	\$	493
Professional services		4,000	4,125		(125)
Operating expenses		18,414	16,919		1,495
Total Cemetary Department	\$	74,566	\$ 72,703	\$	1,863
Total General Government	\$	287,248	\$ 275,822	\$	9,202
Public Safety:					
Police Department:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	273,788	\$ 273,778	\$	10
Operating expenses		37,020	33,967		3,053
Capital outlay		35,650	35,745		(95)
Total Police Department	\$	346,458	\$ 343,490	\$	2,968
Fire Department:					
Contributions		34,000	 34,000		
Total Public Safety	\$	380,458	\$ 377,490	\$	2,968
- ·· <i>j</i>	<u> </u>	,	 ,		-,,,,,,,,

(Continued)

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Continued)		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Transportation:						8 /
Streets:						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	25,508	\$	25,293	\$	215
Operating expenditures	•	8,909	•	5,180	•	3,729
Total Streets	\$	34,417	\$	30,473	\$	3,944
Powell Bill:						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	40,995	\$	40,633	\$	362
Operating expenditures		107,615		105,398		2,217
Capital outlay		32,724		31,880		844
Total Powell Bill	\$	181,334	\$	177,911	\$	3,423
Total Transportation	\$	215,751	\$	208,384	\$	7,367
Environmental Protection:						
Sanitation Department						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	33,606	\$	33,452	\$	154
Waste collection		97,809		97,791		18
Operating expenses		14,275		13,308		967
Total Environmental Protection	\$	145,690	\$	144,551	\$	1,139
Cultural and Recreational:						
Contributrion to County Library	\$	4,250	\$	4,250	\$	-
Historic preservation		8,700		(45)		8,745
Area contributions		13,250		11,100		2,150
PEG channel contributions		84,000		83,048		952
Town Development Committee		10,410		9,753		657
Miscellaneous		1,392		540		852
Capital outlay		41,630	Φ.	13,399	Φ.	28,231
Total Cultural and Recreational		163,632	\$	122,045	\$	41,587
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement			\$	21,589		
Interest and other charges	\$	23,130		1,541	\$	21,589
Total Debt Service	\$	23,130	\$	23,130	\$	21,589
Total Expenditures	\$	1,215,909	\$	1,151,422	\$	83,852
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(126,582)	\$	(17,986)	\$	108,596
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Fund balance appropriated		126,582		_		(126,582)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	126,582	\$	_	\$	(126,582)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(17,986)	\$	(17,986)
Fund balance, beginning				1,141,730		
Fund balances, ending			\$	1,123,744		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water and Sewer

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services:	\$ 437,000	\$ 450,436	\$ 13,436
Water charges Sewer charges	515,000	\$ 450,436 547,905	\$ 13,436 32,905
Services Rendered:	313,000	347,903	32,903
Jason Water Corporation	_	9,569	9,569
Total Charges for Services	\$ 952,000	\$ 1,007,910	\$ 55,910
Water & sewer taps	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,400	\$ 400
Operating Revenues:			
Alternative water	80,000	83,073	3,073
Total Other Operating Revenues	\$ 80,000	\$ 83,073	\$ 3,073
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 1,033,000	\$ 1,092,383	\$ 59,383
Non-operating Revenues:			
Interest earned on investments	\$ 500	\$ 1,422	\$ 922
Service charge	5,000	5,380	(380)
Insurance proceeds	19,868	19,868	-
Miscellaneous	1,000	4,464	(3,464)
Total Non-operating Revenues	\$ 26,368	\$ 31,134	\$ (2,922)
Total Revenues	\$ 1,059,368	\$ 1,123,517	\$ 64,149
EXPENDITURES Water:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 187,943	\$ 187,810	\$ 133
WASA/Alternative water fees	10,200	10,183	17
Operating expenses	198,332	194,366	3,966
Total Water	\$ 396,475	\$ 392,359	\$ 4,116
Sewer:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 199,253	\$ 198,489	\$ 764
Operating expenses	243,036	239,232	3,804
Total Sewer	\$ 442,289	\$ 437,721	\$ 4,568
Debt Service:			
Interest	\$ -	\$ 11,970	\$ (11,970)
Principal	137,200	125,051	12,149
Total Debt Service	\$ 137,200	\$ 137,021	\$ 179

(Continued)

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water and Sewer

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
	00.720	101 (00	(1.070)
Capital Outlay - Water	99,730	101,608	(1,878)
Capital Outlay - Sewer	62,100	60,868	\$ 1,232
Total Capital Outlay	161,830	162,476	\$ (646)
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,137,794	\$ 1,129,577	\$ 8,217
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	\$ (78,426)	\$ (6,060)	\$ 72,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Fund balance appropriated	78,426		(78,426)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	78,426		(78,426)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (6,060)	\$ (6,060)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to f	ull accrual:		
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		\$ (6,060)	
Reconciling items:			
Capital outlay		90,073	
Depreciation		(310,134)	
Principal retirement		125,051	
Decrease in bond interest accrued		158	
Decrease in accrued vacation pay		2,755	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		53,819	
Increase in net pension liability		(61,570)	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		5,552	
Total Reconciling Items		\$ (94,296)	
Net Income (Loss)		\$ (100,356)	

Othor	Sahadulas
Otner	Schedules

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017
2016-2017	\$ -	\$ 379,712	\$ 364,540	\$ 15,172
2015-2016	18,372	-	3,054	15,318
2014-2015	3,420	-	652	2,768
2013-2014	2,644	-	229	2,415
2012-2013	2,579	-	304	2,275
2011-2012	2,171	-	449	1,722
2010-2011	2,407	-	189	2,218
2009-2010	1,818	-	366	1,452
2008-2009	2,315	-	455	1,860
2007-2008	2,046	-	2,046	-
2006-2007	1,597	-	1,597	-
2005-2006	1,921	-	1,921	-
	41,290	\$ 379,712	\$ 375,802	\$ 45,200
Less: allowance for uncollectible ad valorem taxes receivable Ad valorem taxes receivable - net	(11,736) \$ 29,554			(25,226) \$ 19,974
Reconcilement with revenues:				
Taxes - Ad valorem - General Fund Reconciling Items:				\$ 369,762
Interest and penalities collected				(3,682)
Releases and other adjustments				4,464
Amounts written off per Statute of	of Limitations and	l Abatements		5,258
Total Reconciling Items				\$ 6,040
Total Collections and Credits				\$ 375,802

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Total	Levy
	т	W:1.		Property excluding	Danistan I
	Property	own - Wide	Total	Registered Motor	Registered Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original Levy:	v didation	Rate	<u> </u>	Vemeres	Venicies
Property Taxed at Current Rate: General tax	\$ 111,157,353	0.34	\$ 377,935	\$ 330,259	\$ 47,676
Total	\$111,157,353	0.51	\$ 377,935	\$ 330,259	\$ 47,676
Discoveries	\$ 4,286,571		15,003	15,003	-
Releases & Abatements	\$ 38,286		\$ 134	\$ 134	\$ -
Total Property Valuation	\$111,195,639				
Net Levy			\$ 378,069	\$ 330,393	\$ 47,676
Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2017			\$ 9,230	\$ 9,230	\$ -
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 368,839	\$ 321,163	\$ 47,676
Current Levy Collection Percentage			97.56%	97.21%	100.00%